

catena-Poly[1,10-phenanthroline-1,10-dium [[dichloridobismuthate(III)]-di- μ -chlorido]]

 Feng Li,^a Handong Yin^{a*} and Jim Simpson^b
^aCollege of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Liaocheng University, Shandong 252059, People's Republic of China, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, University of Otago, PO Box 56, Dunedin, New Zealand

Correspondence e-mail: handongyin@sohu.com

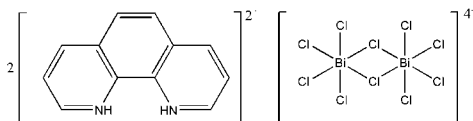
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.015$ Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\{(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2)\text{[BiCl}_4]\}_n$, comprises one 1,10-phenanthroline dication and one Bi atom with two terminal and two bridging chloride anions. The Bi atoms adopt a distorted octahedral configuration and are each bridged to two other Bi atoms by four chloride ligands to generate a one-dimensional polymer chain running along a . C—H \cdots Cl hydrogen bonds link the phenanthroline dications to these chlorobismuthate chains.

Related literature

For a general background to bismuth coordination chemistry see Summers *et al.* (1994), and for applications in medicine see Sun *et al.* (1997) and Baxter (1992). For related structures, see: Bowmaker *et al.* (1998); Benetollo *et al.* (1998); Blažič & Lazarini (1985).



Experimental

Crystal data

$(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2)\text{[BiCl}_4]$
 $M_r = 533.00$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.2569$ (14) Å
 $b = 10.1924$ (19) Å
 $c = 12.139$ (2) Å
 $\alpha = 77.944$ (3)°
 $\beta = 75.044$ (2)°

$\gamma = 69.313$ (2)°
 $V = 804.6$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 11.61$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ (2) K
 $0.22 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Siemens SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.088$, $T_{\max} = 0.098$

4232 measured reflections
 2804 independent reflections
 2469 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.105$
 $S = 1.00$
 2804 reflections
 192 parameters

13 restraints
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 3.70$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.53$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C12}-\text{H12}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	3.10	3.951 (17)	153
$\text{C12}'-\text{H12}'\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.90	3.77 (2)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997a); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997a); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 1997b); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2292).

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supplementary materials

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***catena*-Poly[1,10-phenanthroline-1,10-dium [[dichloridobismuthate(III)]-di- μ -chlorido]]**

F. Li, H. Yin and J. Simpson

Comment

The coordination chemistry of bismuth(III) is not widely investigated, although a number of adducts formed by nitrogen-containing ligands with bismuth(III) salts have been reported (Summers *et al.*, 1994). More recently however, bismuth(III) coordination chemistry has gained more prominence, particularly in the light of the role of bismuth compounds in ^{212}Bi isotope therapy in cancer research (Sun *et al.*, 1997) and the use of bismuth complexes in the treatment of peptic ulcers (Sun *et al.*, 1997; Baxter, 1992). In a continuation of our studies of metal complexes with nitrogen ligands and salts of protonated nitrogen ligands with metal containing anions, we report here the synthesis and structure of the title compound, $(\text{phenH}_2^{2+})_2(\text{Bi}_2\text{Cl}_8^{4-})$.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{BiCl}_4\text{N}_2$, comprises one 1,10-phenanthroline dication and one half of an octachlorodibismuthate tetraanion which lies about an inversion centre and forms the tetraanion *via* $\text{Bi1}-\text{Cl1}-\text{Bi1}^{\text{i}}$ and $\text{Bi1}-\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}-\text{Bi1}^{\text{i}}$ bridges [$i = -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$] to build the complex $(\text{phenH}_2^{2+})_2(\text{Bi}_2\text{Cl}_8^{4-})$. A view of the formula unit made up of two cations and anion is shown in Fig. 1. The dications are disordered with the two disorder components related in a head to tail fashion Fig 3.

The dimeric $[\text{Bi}_2\text{Cl}_8]^{4-}$ tetraanions are made up from two octahedra sharing a common edge. The coordination geometry about Bi is distorted octahedral with $\text{Cl}-\text{Bi}-\text{Cl}$ angles varying from $82.85(7) - 94.43(7)^\circ$ for *cis* and $71.16(8) - 175.56(6)^\circ$ for *trans* arrangements. The $\text{Bi}-\text{Cl}$ bond distances also vary with the role they play in the structure. The terminal $\text{Bi}-\text{Cl3}$ [2.508 (2) Å] and $\text{Bi}-\text{Cl4}$ [2.560 (2) Å] bonds are significantly shorter than those involving Cl bridges which range from 2.699 (2) to 2.985 (2) Å.

In the crystal tetraanions are further linked by $\text{Bi1}-\text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}-\text{Bi1}$ bridges [$\text{ii} = -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$] to generate a one-dimensional polymer chain running along *c* axis. Cations and anions are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2).

Experimental

Bismuth trichloride (0.5 mmol) was dissolved in 20 ml of dichloromethane, and 0.5 mmol of 1,10-phenanthroline were added under stirring at room temperature. Pale yellow crystals precipitated after a few days and were filtered, washed with acetone and dried under vacuum. Yield 81%. m.p.: 421 K. Analysis calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{BiCl}_4\text{N}_2$: C 27.04, H 1.89, N 5.26%. Found: C 27.32, H 1.73, N 5.45%.

Refinement

All H atoms were placed geometrically ($\text{C}-\text{H} = 0.93$ Å, $\text{N}-\text{H} = 0.88$ Å) and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier})$. Atoms N1, N2, C4, C7, C11 and C12 of the 1,10-phenanthroline cations are disordered over two positions with occu-

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pancies that were fixed at at 0.58 (1) and 0.42 (1) for all five atoms in the final stages of the refinement. Atoms C1—C3, C5, C7 and C8—C10 were common to both disorder components, while the atom pairs C4, N1'; C7 N2'; N1, C4' and N2, C7' shared identical coordinates.

Figures

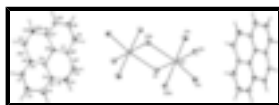


Fig. 1. The structure of (I) with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme. Unlabeled atoms are related to the corresponding labeled atoms by the symmetry code $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ with Cl2 related to Cl2A by the symmetry code $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

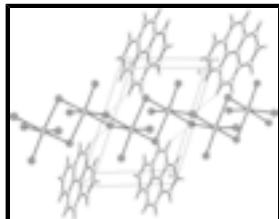


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of (I) viewed down the c axis. Polymeric chains of chloride bridged octachlorodibismuthate tetraanions are linked to the cations by intermolecular C—H...Cl hydrogen bonds drawn as dashed lines.

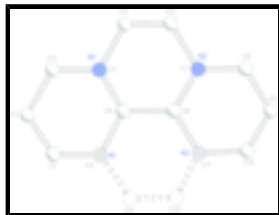


Fig. 3. A representation of the disorder in the phenanthroline cations of (I). Atoms of the minor component are linked by double dashed lines and atoms sharing common coordinates are displayed as filled spheres.

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Crystal data

(C₁₂H₁₀N₂)[BiCl₄]

$M_r = 533.00$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 7.2569$ (14) Å

$b = 10.1924$ (19) Å

$c = 12.139$ (2) Å

$\alpha = 77.944$ (3)°

$\beta = 75.044$ (2)°

$\gamma = 69.313$ (2)°

$V = 804.6$ (3) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F_{000} = 494$

$D_x = 2.200$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2619 reflections

$\theta = 2.2$ – 26.6 °

$\mu = 11.61$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ (2) K

Block, yellow

$0.22 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

CCD area detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

2804 independent reflections

2469 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{int} = 0.019$

$T = 298(2)$ K $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$
 φ and ω scans $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $T_{\min} = 0.088$, $T_{\max} = 0.098$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 12$
 4232 measured reflections $l = -14 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Least-squares matrix: full Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ H-atom parameters constrained
 $wR(F^2) = 0.105$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0769P)^2 + 0.0334P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $S = 1.00$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 2804 reflections $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 3.70 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 192 parameters $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 13 restraints Extinction correction: none
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Bi1	0.68159 (4)	0.57991 (3)	0.56389 (2)	0.03303 (15)	
Cl1	0.3605 (3)	0.6925 (2)	0.4619 (2)	0.0430 (5)	
Cl2	1.0241 (4)	0.4526 (3)	0.6542 (2)	0.0473 (5)	
Cl3	0.6950 (4)	0.8238 (3)	0.5580 (2)	0.0544 (6)	
Cl4	0.4662 (4)	0.5734 (3)	0.7672 (2)	0.0570 (7)	
N1	0.3086 (11)	-0.0610 (8)	-0.0603 (7)	0.041 (2)	0.580 (11)
H1A	0.2899	-0.1385	-0.0233	0.049*	0.580 (11)
N2	0.1154 (12)	-0.0722 (9)	0.1714 (7)	0.0421 (19)	0.580 (11)
H2A	0.1572	-0.1471	0.1381	0.050*	0.580 (11)
C4	0.2683 (12)	0.1853 (9)	-0.0634 (7)	0.0399 (18)	0.580 (11)
C7	0.0775 (12)	0.1708 (9)	0.1679 (7)	0.0407 (19)	0.580 (11)

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C4'	0.3086 (11)	-0.0610 (8)	-0.0603 (7)	0.041 (2)	0.420 (11)
C7'	0.1154 (12)	-0.0722 (9)	0.1714 (7)	0.0421 (19)	0.420 (11)
N1'	0.2683 (12)	0.1853 (9)	-0.0634 (7)	0.0399 (18)	0.420 (11)
H1'	0.2268	0.2581	-0.0276	0.048*	0.420 (11)
N2'	0.0775 (12)	0.1708 (9)	0.1679 (7)	0.0407 (19)	0.420 (11)
H2'	0.0972	0.2486	0.1325	0.049*	0.420 (11)
C1	0.4030 (14)	-0.0518 (10)	-0.1717 (8)	0.044 (2)	
H1	0.4517	-0.1329	-0.2078	0.053*	
C2	0.4303 (16)	0.0681 (11)	-0.2330 (9)	0.052 (3)	
H2	0.4927	0.0715	-0.3103	0.063*	
C3	0.3575 (16)	0.1941 (13)	-0.1730 (10)	0.060 (3)	
H3	0.3743	0.2792	-0.2120	0.072*	
C5	0.2425 (12)	0.0623 (9)	-0.0078 (7)	0.0339 (18)	
C6	0.1431 (13)	0.0550 (9)	0.1109 (8)	0.0363 (19)	
C8	-0.0172 (15)	0.1638 (12)	0.2782 (9)	0.054 (3)	
H8	-0.0625	0.2437	0.3156	0.065*	
C9	-0.0488 (18)	0.0387 (13)	0.3378 (10)	0.060 (3)	
H9	-0.1176	0.0348	0.4139	0.072*	
C10	0.0207 (14)	-0.0742 (11)	0.2841 (9)	0.049 (2)	
H10	0.0045	-0.1588	0.3249	0.059*	
C11	0.203 (3)	0.311 (2)	-0.0032 (15)	0.051 (4)	0.580 (11)
H11	0.2299	0.3932	-0.0413	0.061*	0.580 (11)
C12	0.107 (2)	0.3055 (17)	0.1029 (14)	0.044 (4)	0.580 (11)
H12	0.0569	0.3867	0.1389	0.053*	0.580 (11)
C11'	0.278 (3)	-0.195 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.043 (6)	0.420 (11)
H11'	0.3238	-0.2774	-0.0236	0.051*	0.420 (11)
C12'	0.189 (3)	-0.1999 (19)	0.1209 (18)	0.040 (5)	0.420 (11)
H12'	0.1748	-0.2839	0.1639	0.047*	0.420 (11)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Bi1	0.0318 (2)	0.0319 (2)	0.0345 (2)	-0.00910 (14)	-0.00571 (13)	-0.00526 (13)
Cl1	0.0442 (12)	0.0359 (11)	0.0463 (13)	-0.0084 (9)	-0.0142 (10)	-0.0009 (9)
Cl2	0.0451 (13)	0.0528 (14)	0.0400 (12)	-0.0084 (10)	-0.0132 (10)	-0.0042 (10)
Cl3	0.0726 (17)	0.0413 (13)	0.0529 (14)	-0.0248 (12)	-0.0050 (12)	-0.0112 (10)
Cl4	0.0592 (16)	0.0574 (15)	0.0435 (14)	-0.0164 (12)	0.0023 (11)	-0.0027 (11)
N1	0.043 (5)	0.044 (5)	0.040 (5)	-0.014 (4)	-0.013 (4)	-0.007 (4)
N2	0.035 (4)	0.043 (5)	0.049 (5)	-0.010 (4)	-0.015 (4)	-0.003 (4)
C4	0.041 (4)	0.040 (5)	0.036 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.004 (3)
C7	0.038 (4)	0.042 (5)	0.039 (5)	-0.008 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.007 (4)
C4'	0.043 (5)	0.044 (5)	0.040 (5)	-0.014 (4)	-0.013 (4)	-0.007 (4)
C7'	0.035 (4)	0.043 (5)	0.049 (5)	-0.010 (4)	-0.015 (4)	-0.003 (4)
N1'	0.041 (4)	0.040 (5)	0.036 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.004 (3)
N2'	0.038 (4)	0.042 (5)	0.039 (5)	-0.008 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.007 (4)
C1	0.046 (5)	0.045 (5)	0.046 (6)	-0.017 (4)	-0.010 (4)	-0.010 (4)
C2	0.049 (6)	0.060 (7)	0.046 (6)	-0.012 (5)	-0.003 (5)	-0.018 (5)
C3	0.055 (6)	0.067 (7)	0.056 (7)	-0.010 (5)	-0.022 (5)	-0.007 (5)

C5	0.028 (4)	0.036 (5)	0.038 (5)	-0.006 (3)	-0.010 (4)	-0.006 (4)
C6	0.041 (5)	0.036 (5)	0.037 (5)	-0.015 (4)	-0.014 (4)	0.000 (4)
C8	0.043 (5)	0.062 (7)	0.058 (7)	-0.011 (5)	-0.008 (5)	-0.026 (5)
C9	0.064 (7)	0.073 (8)	0.043 (6)	-0.025 (6)	-0.016 (5)	0.001 (5)
C10	0.038 (5)	0.047 (6)	0.053 (6)	-0.016 (4)	-0.008 (4)	0.017 (5)
C11	0.044 (9)	0.055 (11)	0.051 (10)	-0.021 (8)	0.003 (8)	-0.009 (8)
C12	0.043 (7)	0.042 (7)	0.045 (7)	-0.011 (6)	-0.009 (6)	-0.005 (6)
C11'	0.038 (12)	0.031 (11)	0.059 (14)	-0.018 (9)	0.000 (10)	-0.003 (10)
C12'	0.039 (8)	0.045 (9)	0.036 (8)	-0.015 (7)	-0.010 (7)	-0.003 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Bi1—C13	2.508 (2)	C7—C12	1.492 (18)
Bi1—C14	2.560 (2)	C1—C2	1.343 (14)
Bi1—C11	2.699 (2)	C1—H1	0.9300
Bi1—C12	2.756 (2)	C2—C3	1.474 (15)
Bi1—C12 ⁱ	2.937 (2)	C2—H2	0.9300
Bi1—C11 ⁱⁱ	2.985 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
C11—Bi1 ⁱⁱ	2.985 (2)	C5—C6	1.435 (13)
C12—Bi1 ⁱ	2.937 (2)	C8—C9	1.393 (16)
N1—C1	1.349 (12)	C8—H8	0.9300
N1—C5	1.403 (11)	C9—C10	1.317 (16)
N1—H1A	0.8600	C9—H9	0.9300
N2—C10	1.363 (13)	C10—H10	0.9300
N2—C6	1.405 (12)	C11—C12	1.30 (2)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C11—H11	0.9300
C4—C3	1.321 (14)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.345 (12)	C11'—C12'	1.32 (3)
C4—C11	1.475 (19)	C11'—H11'	0.9300
C7—C8	1.338 (13)	C12'—H12'	0.9300
C7—C6	1.367 (12)		
C13—Bi1—C14	94.42 (9)	N1—C1—H1	118.3
C13—Bi1—C11	89.50 (9)	C1—C2—C3	117.3 (10)
C14—Bi1—C11	93.70 (8)	C1—C2—H2	121.3
C13—Bi1—C12	92.93 (9)	C3—C2—H2	121.3
C14—Bi1—C12	89.82 (9)	C4—C3—C2	119.6 (11)
C11—Bi1—C12	175.56 (6)	C4—C3—H3	120.2
C13—Bi1—C12 ⁱ	90.29 (8)	C2—C3—H3	120.2
C14—Bi1—C12 ⁱ	170.84 (8)	C4—C5—N1	123.1 (8)
C11—Bi1—C12 ⁱ	94.19 (7)	C4—C5—C6	119.2 (7)
C12—Bi1—C12 ⁱ	82.09 (7)	N1—C5—C6	117.7 (8)
C13—Bi1—C11 ⁱⁱ	171.16 (8)	C7—C6—N2	118.8 (8)
C14—Bi1—C11 ⁱⁱ	90.50 (8)	C7—C6—C5	120.7 (8)
C11—Bi1—C11 ⁱⁱ	82.85 (7)	N2—C6—C5	120.5 (8)
C12—Bi1—C11 ⁱⁱ	94.43 (7)	C7—C8—C9	120.9 (10)
C12 ⁱ —Bi1—C11 ⁱⁱ	85.88 (7)	C7—C8—H8	119.6

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Bi1—C11—Bi1 ⁱⁱ	97.15 (7)	C9—C8—H8	119.6
Bi1—C12—Bi1 ⁱ	97.91 (7)	C10—C9—C8	118.6 (10)
C1—N1—C5	116.6 (8)	C10—C9—H9	120.7
C1—N1—H1A	121.7	C8—C9—H9	120.7
C5—N1—H1A	121.7	C9—C10—N2	122.7 (9)
C10—N2—C6	118.4 (8)	C9—C10—H10	118.6
C10—N2—H2A	120.8	N2—C10—H10	118.6
C6—N2—H2A	120.8	C12—C11—C4	119.6 (15)
C3—C4—C5	119.9 (9)	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C3—C4—C11	119.0 (10)	C4—C11—H11	120.2
C5—C4—C11	121.1 (10)	C11—C12—C7	120.8 (15)
C8—C7—C6	120.5 (9)	C11—C12—H12	119.6
C8—C7—C12	121.1 (10)	C7—C12—H12	119.6
C6—C7—C12	118.4 (9)	C12'—C11'—H11'	118.9
C2—C1—N1	123.5 (9)	C11'—C12'—H12'	121.0
C2—C1—H1	118.3		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C12—H12 \cdots C12 ⁱⁱ	0.93	3.10	3.951 (17)	153
C12'—H12' \cdots C12 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.90	3.77 (2)	155

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

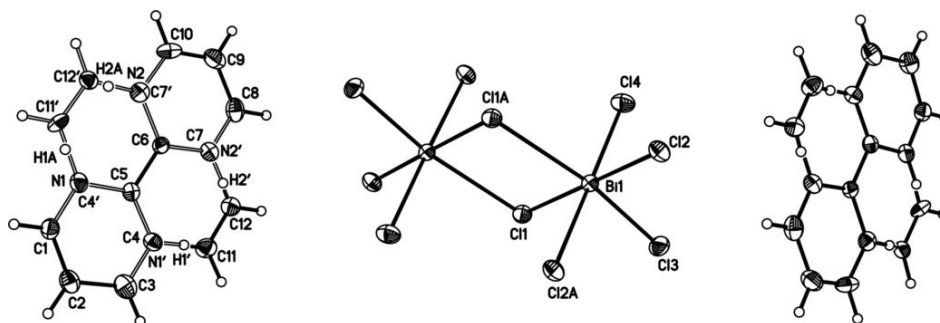


Fig. 2

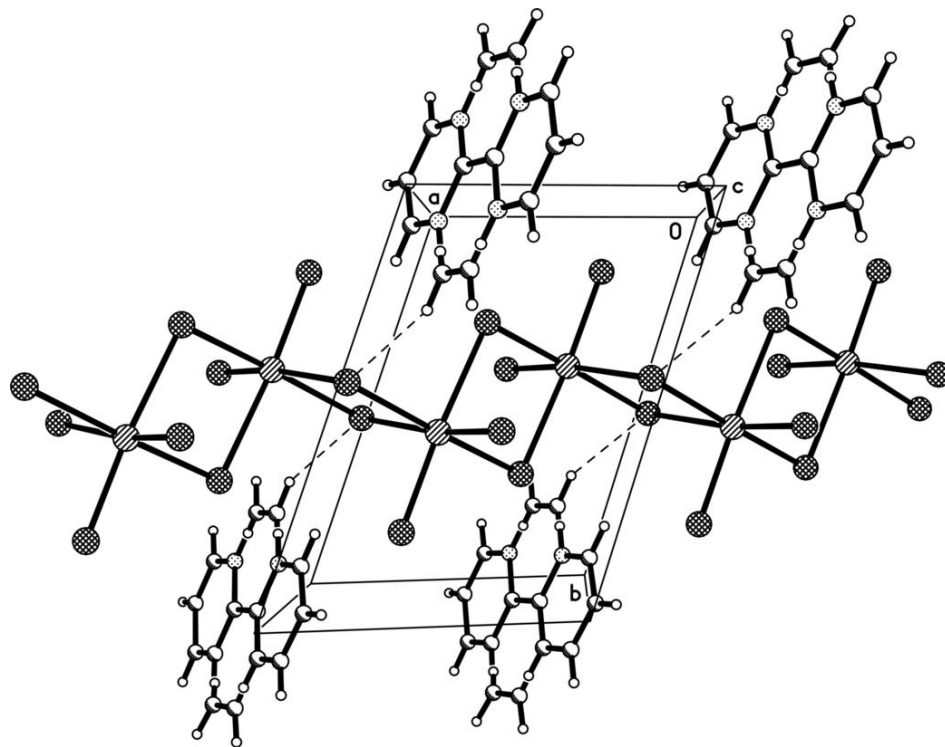


Fig. 3

